January 1, 1966, from the salaries of members in the employ of the state highway patrol and standing to the credit of their individual accounts in the retirement fund shall be transferred and credited to their respective individual accounts in the employees' savings fund.

(B) The state shall annually pay into the employer accumulation fund, in monthly or less frequent installments as the state highway patrol retirement board requires, an amount that shall be a certain percentage of the total salaries paid contributing members and shall be known as the "employer contribution." The employer contribution shall be an amount equal to twenty-six and one-half per cent of the total salaries paid contributing members. If a member severs connection with the patrol or is dismissed, the employer contribution shall remain in the retirement system.

The rate percentage of the employer contribution shall be certified by the board to the director of budget and management and shall not be lower than nine per cent of the total salaries paid contributing members and shall not exceed three times the rate percentage being deducted from the annual salaries of contributing members. The board shall prepare and submit to the director, on or before the first day of November of each even-numbered year, an estimate of the amounts necessary to pay the state's obligations accruing during the biennium beginning the first day of July of the following year. Such amounts shall be included in the budget and allocated as certified by the board.

Sec. 5505.152. (A) As used in this section, "entry age normal actuarial cost method" means an actuarial cost method under which the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the valuation is allocated on a level basis over the earnings or service of the individual between the entry age and the assumed exit age, with the portion of the actuarial present value that is allocated to the valuation year to be the normal cost and the portion of the actuarial present value not provided for at the valuation date by the actuarial present value of future normal costs to be the actuarial accrued liability. Under this method, the actuarial gains or losses are reflected as they occur in a decrease or increase in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

(B) The Ohio retirement study council shall annually review the adequacy of the contribution rates provided under divisions (A) and (B) of section 5505.15 of the Revised Code and the contribution rates recommended in a report by the actuary of the state highway patrol retirement system for the forthcoming year.

The actuarial calculations used by the actuary shall be based on the entry age normal actuarial cost method, and the adequacy of the contribution

rates shall be reported on the basis of that method. The Ohio retirement study council shall make recommendations to the general assembly that it finds necessary for the proper financing of the benefits of the state highway patrol retirement system.

Sec. 5525.26. Except as provided in federal law, if a project for the construction, reconstruction, or other improvement to a road or highway is administered by the department of transportation or any local public authority authorized under division (C) of section 5501.03 of the Revised Code, if the project is located in a municipal corporation with a population of at least four hundred thousand that is in a county with a population of at least one million two hundred thousand, and if the project is funded with at least one hundred thousand dollars from a political subdivision, then a contractor for the project shall comply with regulations or ordinances of the political subdivision that are in effect before July 1, 2009, and that specifically relate to the employment of residents and local businesses of the political subdivision in the performance of the work of the project, and such ordinances or regulations shall be included by reference unambiguously in the contract between the department of transportation or public authority and the contractor for the project.

Sec. 5537.051. (A)(1) In any county that as of January 1, 2009, had closed one or more roads as a result of grade separation failure at intersections of a turnpike project with a county or township road, the Ohio turnpike commission is responsible for the major maintenance and repair and replacement of such failed grade separations. The governmental entity with jurisdiction over the county or township road is responsible for routine maintenance of such failed grade separations.

(2) This section does not apply to any grade separation at intersections of a turnpike project with a county or township road except as described in division (A)(1) of this section.

(B) As used in this section:

- (1) "Major maintenance and repair and replacement" relates to all elements constructed as part of or required for a grade separation, including box culverts, bridges, pile, foundations, substructures, abutments, piers, superstructures, approach slabs, slopes, approaches, embankments, railing, guardrails, drainage facilities including headwalls, and underdrains, inlets, catch basins and grates, fences, and appurtenances. Major maintenance and repair includes the painting and the repair of deteriorated or damaged elements to restore the structural integrity of any grade separation including embankments.
 - (2) "Routine maintenance" includes, without limitation, clearing debris,